

National Public Health Department Accreditation

Daniel Coulter, MPH
Accreditation Coordinator

daniel.coulter@maryland.gov | 443-245-3767

Healthy People. Healthy Community. Healthy Future.

Objectives

- Overview of National Public Health Department Accreditation
- Accreditation Themes
- PHAB Standards and Accreditation Process
- Benefits of Accreditation
- Accreditation and Quality Improvement
- CCHD Accreditation Timeline



Public Health Department Accreditation

- The measurement of health department performance against a set of nationally recognized, practice-focused, and evidenced-based standards
- The issuance of recognition of achievement of accreditation within a specified time frame by a nationally recognized entity
- A platform for continuous quality improvement
- The continual development, refinement, and distribution of standards and measures



Public Health Accreditation Board

Goal of Accreditation:

 Improve and protect the health of the public by advancing the quality and performance of all health departments in the country.



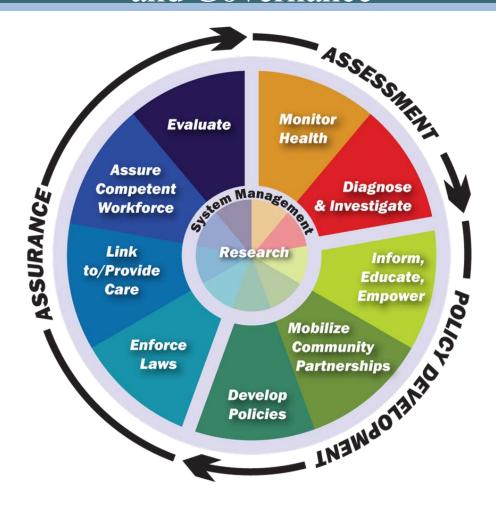


Accreditation Themes

- Quality Improvement
- Planning
- Partnerships
- Community Engagement
- Leadership and Governance
- Customer / Community Focus



PHAB Standards and Measures: Ten Essential Public Health Services + Administration and Governance





Healthy People. Healthy Community. Healthy Future

Twelve Domains

- Conduct <u>assessments</u> focused on population health status and health issues facing the community
- Investigate health problems and environmental public health hazards to protect the community
- 3. <u>Inform and educate</u> about public health issues and functions
- Engage with the community to identify and solve health problems
- Develop public health policies and plans
- 6. Enforce public health laws and regulations



Twelve Domains (cont'd)

- Promote strategies to improve access to healthcare services
- 8. Maintain a competent public health workforce
- 9. Evaluate and <u>continuously improve</u> processes, programs, and interventions
- Contribute to and apply the <u>evidence base</u> of public health
- 11. Maintain administrative and management capacity
- 12. Build a strong and effective relationship with governing entity



Seven Steps of Accreditation

1. Pre-application

Applicant prepares and assesses readiness, informs PHAB of its intent to apply (SOI)

2. Application

Applicant submits application and pre-requisites and receives training

3. Documentation Selection and Submission

Applicant gathers and submits documentation

4. Site Visit

Documentation review, site visit and site visit report

Accreditation Decisions

PHAB Accreditation Committee determines accreditation status:

Accredited (5 years)

or Not Accredited

6. Reports

Annual progress reports

7. Reaccreditation

Accreditation and Quality Improvement

- Quality improvement is one of the main themes of Accreditation
- Accreditation process helps us to identify department strengths and weaknesses
- Development of a Quality Improvement Plan
- Continuous quality improvement activities



Benefits of Accreditation

- Identifies successes and opportunities for improvement
- Platform for quality improvement
- Coordinated approach to public health
- Initiates new partnerships
- Increases the understanding of public health
- Means for accountability
- Improves communication with governance
- Positioning for future funding opportunities

CCHD Accreditation Timeline

- CCHD issued its Statement of Intent to apply for accreditation on March 7, 2014
- Completion of 3 prerequisite documents (CHA,CHIP, and Strategic Plan)
- Plan to submit application in August, 2014
- Documentation complete by August, 2015
- Site visit and accreditation decision to follow

